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Turbine blade

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TECHNICAL FIELD

This invention relates to a turbine blade, both a guide blade or a moving blade, for a gas turbine according to the independent claim.

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

An example of a turbine blade according to the prior art is shown in Fig. 1 and 2 of the accompanying drawings. The turbine blade 1 has a blade body or airfoil 2 extending from an outer platform 3 to an inner platform 4. The airfoil 2 is hollow and receives a gaseous coolant (e.g. air), which is discharged from holes 6 in the trailing edge 7. The interior of the airfoil 2 also communicates with the pressure side 8 and suction side 9 of the airfoil through rows of film cooling holes 11 so that the outside of the airfoil is cooled by a film which forms on the surface. 20 Similar rows of holes 12 are formed in the platforms 3, 4. The turbine blade 1 is made by casting and there is a smooth transition or fillet 13 between each of the pressure and suction sides 8, 9 of the airfoil 2 and each of the platforms 3, 4. 25

For efficient cooling of the filets 13, groups 14 of film cooling holes are provided 30 at several different positions at the filet. However, these additional holes increase the amount of gaseous coolant which has to be supplied to the turbine blade 1.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is therefore the aim of the present invention to be able to enhance the cooling of a fillet and reduce the number of holes required for the mentioned purpose.

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The present invention provides a turbine blade for a gas turbine, comprising a hollow airfoil extending from a platform, there being a fillet between the airfoil and the platform on the pressure side or the suction side of the airfoil, the fillet containing a cooling bore extending along part of the length of the fillet, the 10 cooling bore having a first end communicating with the interior of the turbine blade for receiving a gaseous coolant, and a second end communicating with the exterior of the turbine blade.

15 The cooling bore may be straight or curved, preferably with a substantially constant radius of curvature and may be formed by electro-discharge machining (EDM).

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

20 The invention will be described further, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

- Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a known type of turbine blade according to the prior art,
- 25 Fig. 2 is a cross-section on line II-II through the airfoil of the known turbine blade, viewing towards the outer platform,
- Fig. 3 shows an embodiment of a turbine blade according to the present invention, viewed from the pressure side,
- Fig. 4 is a section on line IV-IV in Fig. 3,
- 30 Fig. 5 shows the turbine blade of Fig. 3, viewed from the outside of the outer platform,
- Fig. 6 is a section on line VI-VI in Fig. 5,

Fig. 7 is a section on line VII-VII in Fig. 5 and

Fig. 8 is a fragmentary perspective view showing part of the exit side of the turbine blade, including part of the trailing edge of the airfoil.

- 5 The drawings show only the parts important for the invention. Same elements will be numbered in the same way in different drawings.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

- 10 The turbine blade shown in Fig. 3 to 8 is similar in structure to the turbine blade 1 shown in Fig. 1 and 2, and similar parts are given the same reference numerals. This turbine blade 1 could be both a guide blade or a moving blade of a gas turbine. The film cooling holes 11 and 12 in the blade body or airfoil 2 are present but are not shown in Fig. 3 to 8, whereas the groups 14 of film cooling holes 15 in the prior art turbine blade 1 are not present in the preferred embodiment of the turbine blade 1 according to the present invention. It will be noted that the interior of the platform 3 is provided with protuberances 16 for enhancing internal cooling (Fig. 5).
- 20 On the pressure side 8 the fillet 13 between the airfoil 2 and the outer platform 3 has a cooling bore 17 (see particular Fig. 7) which is approximately 55 mm long and which has a first end 17a communicating with the interior of the platform 3 and a second end 17b communicating with the exterior of the turbine blade 1 at the exit side, adjacent the trailing edge 7 of the airfoil 2. Similarly, on the suction 25 side 9 the fillet 13 contains a cooling bore 18 (see particularly Fig. 6) extending for approximately 75 mm along the fillet 13 and having a first end 18a communicating with the interior of the platform 3 and a second end 18b communicating with the exterior of the turbine blade 1, adjacent the trailing edge 7. Each cooling bore 17, 18 has a diameter of 1 ± 0.1 mm, for example.

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The cooling bores 17, 18 are preferable formed in the turbine blade casting by a high speed EDM machine, using a single point rotary EDM tool. Taking account

of the casting tolerances, the cooling bores 17, 18 are positioned so that their exit ends 17b, 18b are exactly at the desired position. The machining of each cooling bore 17, 18 is preferably commenced at the exit side of the turbine blade 1 and is terminated after the cooling bore 17, 18 has reached the interior 5 of the platform 3 such that a groove 17c, 18c is formed in the platform 3.

The cooling bores 17, 18 extending along the filets 13 can provide approximately the same cooling effect as a multiplicity of film cooling holes, thereby saving a substantial amount of gaseous coolant.

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Various modifications may be made within the scope of the invention. For example, similar cooling bores extending along the filets 13 could be provided at other locations, in addition to or instead of the cooling bores 17, 18. Also, the provision of film cooling holes in or near the filet 13 is not precluded. It may be 15 possible for the cooling bore to have a diameter as small as about 0.5 mm or as large as 2 mm or more. The cooling bore will normally have a length of several centimetres, preferably at least 5 cm, the maximum length being limited by practical considerations and possibly being 10 cm or more.

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Although the cooling bores 17, 18 have been described only in connection with the filets 13 between the airfoil 2 and the outer platform 3, similar cooling bores 17, 18 could be provided on the filets 13 between the airfoil and the inner platform 4.

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While our invention has been described by an example, it is apparent that other forms could be adopted by one skilled in the art. Accordingly, the scope of our invention is to be limited only by the attached claims.

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REFERENCE NUMBERS

- 1 Turbine blade
- 2 Airfoil
- 5 3 Outer platform
- 4 Inner platform
- 6 Hole
- 7 Trailing edge
- 8 Pressure side
- 10 9 Suction side
- 11 Film cooling hole
- 12 Film cooling hole
- 13 Transition or Filet
- 14 Group of film cooling holes
- 15 16 Pertuberances
- 17 Cooling bore
- 17a First end of cooling bore 17
- 17b Second end of cooling bore 17
- 17c Groove
- 20 18 Cooling bore
- 18a First end of cooling bore 18
- 18b Second end of cooling bore 18
- 18c Groove